

You must show work requested, showing use of geometry and algebra, formula or calculator command. Follow rounding instructions for each problem.

If a graph is required, it must be labeled to show all important values and shaded to indicate the region representing the probability. Graphs should be reasonably representative of the situation. Label X values below the graph along the x axis. Label areas inside or above the graph.

If a question asks for a symbolic mathematical probability statement it is asking to answer in the form of $P(X < 10) = 0.32$ or $P(X > 10) = 0.68$ or $P(6 < X < 8) = 0.37$; it is not asking for a sentence.

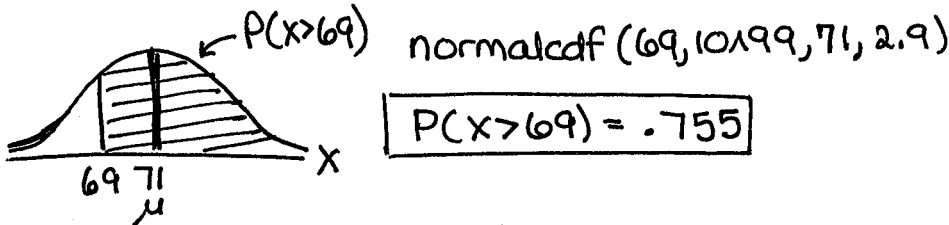
1. [8 points] Sources: <https://theblog.okcupid.com/the-big-lies-people-tell-in-online-dating-a9e3990d6ae2>
<https://biology.stackexchange.com/questions/9730/what-is-the-standard-deviation-of-adult-human-heights-for-males-and-females>
<http://abcnews.go.com/Technology/story?id=98438>

The distribution of heights of men registered on online dating site OK Cupid follows a normal probability distribution with a mean of 71 inches. Suppose that the standard deviation is 2.9 inches.

$X =$ height of a man registered on online dating site OK Cupid $X \sim N(71, 2.9)$

a. Find the probability that the height of a randomly selected man registered on online dating site OK Cupid is more than 69 inches.

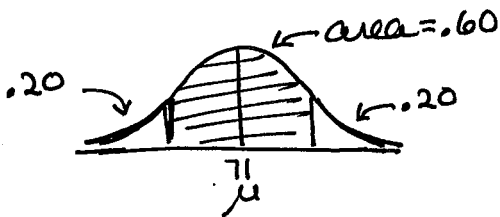
- Show work finding the requested probability. Round your answer to 3 decimal places.
- Graph Required: Draw and shade the graph and label all important values.
- State your final answer in the form of a symbolic mathematical probability statement.



b. The middle 60% of heights are between 68.6 and 73.4 inches.

- Show work finding the requested values. Round your answers to 1 decimal place ; tenths of an inch.
- Graph Required: Draw and shade the graph.

Below the X axis, label all important X values.
 Label the sizes of all areas above or inside the graph.



$$\text{invnorm}(.2, 71, 2.9) = 68.559 \approx \boxed{68.6}$$

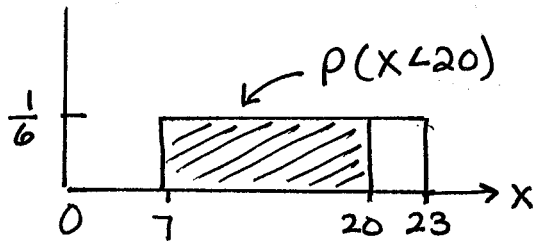
$$\text{invnorm}(.8, 71, 2.9) = 73.449 \approx \boxed{73.4}$$

$$P(68.6 < X < 73.4) = .6$$

2. [7 points] Anand is a pre-school teacher. Suppose the amount of time that Anand reads stories to his pre-school class each day is uniformly distributed between 7 and 23 minutes.

a. Find the probability that Anand reads to his class for less than 20 minutes.

- Show work finding the requested probability. Round your answer to 4 decimal places.
- Graph Required: Draw and shade the graph and label all important values.
- State your final answer in the form of a symbolic mathematical probability statement.



$$P(X < 20) = \text{area} = (\text{base})(\text{height})$$

$$= (20-7) \left(\frac{1}{16}\right)$$

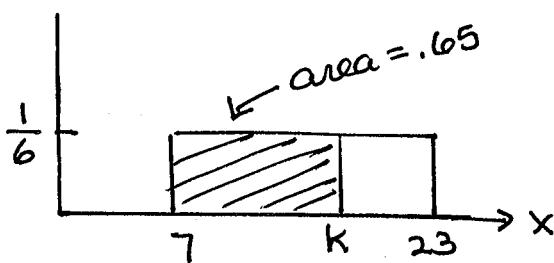
OR

$$(20-7)(.0625)$$

$$P(X < 20) = \frac{13}{16} = .8125$$

b. Find 65th percentile for the daily amount of time that Anand reads to his class.

- Show work finding the requested value(s). Round your answer to 1 decimal place ; tenths of a minute.
- Graph Not Required: But it may be helpful - you can draw one if it helps you solve this problem.



$$\text{area} = (\text{base})(\text{height})$$

$$.65 = (k-7) \left(\frac{1}{16}\right) \quad \text{OR} \quad .65 = (k-7)(.0625)$$

$$16(.65) = k-7$$

$$10.4 = k-7$$

$$K = 17.4$$

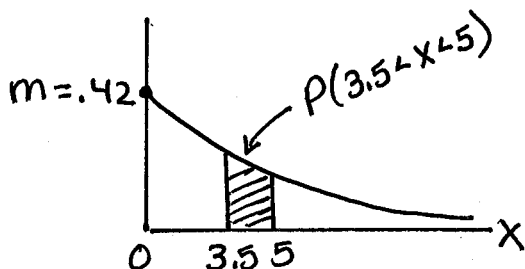
3. [5 points] TalkIsCheap Company finds that the lengths of cell phone calls follows an exponential distribution with a mean of 2.38 minutes $\mu = 2.38$

X = the length of a cell phone call

Write the distribution for X : $X \sim \text{Exp}(.42)$ or $\text{Exp}(1/2.38)$ | $\mu = 2.38$ so $m = \frac{1}{\mu} = \frac{1}{2.38} = .42$

Find the probability that the length of a cell phone call is between 3.5 and 5 minutes.

- Show work finding the requested probability. Round numbers to 3 decimal points in all calculations.
- Graph Required: Draw and shade the graph and label all important values.
- State your final answer in the form of a symbolic mathematical probability statement.



$$P(3.5 < X < 5) = e^{-.42 \times 3.5} - e^{-.42 \times 5}$$

$$e^{(-.42 \times 3.5)} - e^{(-.42 \times 5)}$$

$$P(3.5 < X < 5) = .107$$